**The Sydney Opera House.** It is one of the most famous buildings in the world. It was opened in October 1973. The house looks like a ship going under sail.

[**Harbour Bridge**](http://www.touristmaker.com/australia/sydney/sydney-harbour-bridge/) **/ New South Wales.** The famous bridge which crosses the bay of [Sydney](http://www.touristmaker.com/cities/sydney.html) is a symbol of economic progress of the Australian nation. Harbor Bridge in Sydney was built in 1932. The bridge is the greatest metal archway in the world.

[**Great Barrier Reef**](http://www.touristmaker.com/hotspots/great-barrier-reef.html) **/ Queensland.**  This is the largest [coral reef](http://www.touristmaker.com/other/all-about-the-coral-reefs.html) on the planet. It is more than 2030 km long. This is probably the most impressive and largest underwater attraction of our planet.

**Kakadu National Park / Northern Territory.** Kakadu National Park is a home to some of the most prominent species on the continent. Besides traditional kangaroos and coalas here you will have the opportunity to stand face to face with the most fierce predator that can be seen on the land - the saltwater crocodile. Here is also incredible diversity of birds.

**Urulu / Northern Territory.** This imposing rock is situated in the desert part of Australia. Its height reaches about 318 meters, and in different times of day the colors of the rock change. Urulu is very important for local people - the Aborigines. They believe that Urulu tells the story of the world.

**Apostles/Victoria.** Almost everyone has seen the Apostles, whether a picture in a magazine, on television or the Internet. These are rocks with a height of around 50 meters, created by erosion. They are very close to shore and are the biggest tourist attraction in Victoria. The initial number was 12, but over the years some of them are destroied because of the action of erosion and natural disasters.

**Taronga zoo / New South Wales.** This is one of the most popular zoos in the world. It is located in the Australian city of Sydney and has a huge variety of representatives of the animal world. Taronga zoo offers its residents living conditions that are close as it is possible to their natural environment. Furthermore the zoo reveals impressive views of the Australian metropolis.

**Blue Mountains / New South Wales.** Blue Mountains are located very close to the largest Australian metropolis - Sydney. No matter how many places you have visited in your life and how many mountains you've ever seen - those which you will find in Australia are unique. Blue Mountains are a wonderful place to escape from the heat, each year covering the continent. Here you will find cool shade and fresh air away from the big city. The color of the mountains is actually slightly blue. This is a result of eucalyptus trees which from a distance appear bluish.

**Bondi Beach / New South Wales.** Bondi is one of the most beautiful urban beaches in Australia. It is extremely impressive with its picturesque location. Perfect for sunbathing, swimming and surfing, Bondi is the best place for entertainment and to get cooler in the hot summer days, when temperatures can reach 40 degrees.

**Pink Lake / Western Australia.**  Pink Lake is a unique natural phenomenon. What is most interesting is the unique pink colour of the salt lake, which is the reason for its name.

 **Russell Waterfall / Tasmania.** Russell Falls is considered to be one of the most beautiful all over Australia. It is located in Мt Field National Park amidst fresh and cool fern forests of [Tasmania](http://www.touristmaker.com/islands/tasmania.html). The place has a strong relaxing effect and energises all who visit it. This is one of the most unspoiled areas in Australia.

**The Sydney Aquarium** is one of the largest aquariums in the world. Over 1.25 million visitors both domestic and overseas visit it every year.
Sydney Aquarium was opened in 1988. It takes the visitor on a journey through Australia's many diverse marine ecosystems. The Seal Sanctuary and Open Ocean exhibits are two of the largest oceanariums in the world and have underwater tunnels that allow visitors to observe Australia's marine life at very close quarters. The Open Ocean Oceanarium houses the largest collection of sharks in captivity, many of which have been in the Sydney Aquarium since it opened and some of them exceed 3 metres in length.